Seat	No.:	Enrolli	nent No
		GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIV	ERSITY
	BE -	SEMESTER- 1 st / 2 nd EXAMINATION (NEW SYLLAB	US) – SUMMER 2016
			Date:01/06/2016
Tim	Subject Name: Elements of Mechanical Engineering Fime: 02:30 PM to 5:00 PM Total M Instructions:		
	1. 2. 3.	Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any four out of remain Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Use of steam table is allowable.	ning Six questions.
Q.1		Objective Question (MCQ)	Mark
	(A) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Select the correct answer The S.I. unit N-m/s is called (a)Watt (b) Joule (c) Calorie (d) None of the above. The Universal gas Constant is equal to (a) M/R (b) R/M (c) M*R (d) All of the above The law PV = C is related to this process (a)Adiabatic (b) Isobaric (c) Isochoric (d) Isothermal Dryness fraction(x) of superheated steam is (a)equal to 0 (b) greater than 1 (c) less than 1 (d) equal Cut-off ratio is related to (a)Carnot cycle (b) Otto cycle (c) Diesel cycle (d) Rank The compression ratio for Diesel engine is in the following	tine cycle
	7.	(a) 12 to 22 (b) 5 to 10 (c) 10 to 12 (d) None of the abordear pump and Vane pump are types of (a) Rotary pump (b) Reciprocating pump (c) Centrifugal pump (d) None of the above.	
	(B)	Select the correct answer	07
	1. 2.	The work done on compressor is least when the compressi (a)Isothermal (b) Adiabatic (c) Polytropic (d) None of the Inter cooling in multi stage compression is used to (a) cool air (b) Minimize the work done (c) reduce volution (d) none of the above.	on is e above ume of air
	3.4.5.	In the domestic refrigerators the bank of tubes at the barefrigerator are (a)Condenser tubes (b) Evaporator tubes (c) Capillary tubes of the above Heat is absorbed by refrigerant during refrigeration cycle is (a)Condenser (b) Evaporator (c) Capillary (d) None of the Unit of pressure is (a)Pascal (b) N/m² (c) bar (d) all of the above	pes (d) All
	6.	The sealing ring for pressure cooker is made from	
	7.	(a)Leather (b) Rubber (c) Plastic (d) Aluminum Plate type, Cone type and Centrifugal type are the types o (a)Couplings (b) Brakes (c) Clutches (d) Gear drives	f
Q.2	(a) (b) (c)	• •	on? What 07

Q.3	(a)	Differentiate between a Brake and a Clutch.	03
	(b) (c)	How the air compressors are classified based on different criteria. Draw air standard diesel cycle on p-V and T-s diagrams. Derive its	04 07
	()	efficiency equation with usual notations.	
Q.4	(a)	With neat sketch explain in brief the working of Vane pump.	03
	(b)	Compare: S.I. engines and C.I. engines.	04
	(c)	The following readings were recorded during the test on single	07
		cylinder four stroke diesel engine.	
		(1)Cylinder diameter = 250 mm	
		(2) Stroke length = 350 mm	
		(3) Mean effective pressure = 6.7 bar	
		(4) Speed of engine = 250 r.p.m.	
		(5) Net brake load = 1070 N	
		(6) Effective brake drum diameter = 1.5 m(7) Fuel consumption rate = 10 kg per hour.	
		(8) C.V. of the fuel = 44300 kJ/kg .	
		Calculate: (1) Indicated Power (2) Brake Power (3) Mechanical	
		efficiency. (4) Brake thermal efficiency.	
Q.5	(a)	Explain the difference between boiler mountings and accessories.	03
•	(b)	Calculate the air standard efficiency of the engine working on Otto	04
	` ,	cycle in which air initially at 1 bar and 20°C is compressed	
		adiabatically to the pressure of 16 bar. Maximum pressure of cycle	
		is 45 bar and adiabatic index $\gamma = 1.4$.	
	(c)	With neat sketch explain the construction and working of	07
		(i) Fusible plug and (ii) Air pre heater.	
Q.6	(a)	Prove that $C_p - C_v = R$ with usual notations.	03
	(b)	Write a short note on "Solar Energy".	04
	(c)	A cylinder contains 0.6 m ³ of a gas at a pressure of 1 bar and 90 °C.	07
		The gas is compressed to a volume of 0.18 m^3 by the law $PV^n = C$.	
		The pressure of gas at the end of compression is 5 bar. Calculate: (1)Mass of gas (2) value of index n (3) The change in	
		internal energy of the gas. (4) Work done (5) The heat received or	
		rejected by the gas during the process. Take $\gamma = 1.4$ and R= 0.294	
		kJ/kg K.	
Q.7	(a)	Explain in brief Open system and closed system giving examples.	03
	(b)	Draw neat and labeled diagram of Cochran Boiler	04
	(c)	Calculate the total amount of heat required to produce 6 kg of steam	07
		at a pressure of 6 bar and temperature of 258 °C from the water at	
		30 °C. Take specific heat of steam = 2.1 kJ/kg-K. and the specific	
		heat of water = 4.187 kJ/kg-K .	
